CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

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1. A method of fabricating PMOS and NMOS metal gate structures in a semiconductor device, the method comprising:

forming a gate dielectric in PMOS and NMOS regions above a semiconductor body;

forming a metal nitride above the gate dielectric in the NMOS region; forming a metal boride above the gate dielectric in the PMOS region; patterning the metal nitride to form an NMOS gate structure in the NMOS region; and

patterning the metal boride to form a PMOS gate structure in the PMOS region.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein forming the metal boride above the gate dielectric in the PMOS region comprises:

forming a metal nitride above the gate dielectric in the PMOS region; and introducing boron into the metal nitride to form the metal boride in the PMOS region.

- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein introducing boron into the metal nitride in the PMOS region comprises selectively implanting boron or boron-containing dopants into the metal nitride to form the metal boride in the PMOS region.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the boron or boron-containing dopants are implanted into the metal nitride in the PMOS region prior to forming a conductive upper material above the metal boride in the PMOS region.
 - The method of claim 2, further comprising:
 forming a conductive upper material above the metal nitride in the NMOS region; and

forming a conductive upper material above the metal boride in the PMOS region;

wherein the conductive upper material is formed in the PMOS region prior to introducing boron into the metal nitride in the PMOS region.

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- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the conductive upper material is poly-silicon, and wherein introducing boron into the metal nitride in the PMOS region comprises selectively implanting boron or boron-containing dopants through the poly-silicon and into the metal nitride to form the metal boride in the PMOS region.
- 7. The method of claim 5, wherein the conductive upper material is poly-silicon, and wherein introducing boron into the metal nitride in the PMOS region comprises:
- implanting boron or boron-containing dopants into the poly-silicon in the PMOS region; and

diffusing at least some of the boron or boron-containing dopants from the poly-silicon into the metal nitride to form the metal boride in the PMOS region.

- 20 8. The method of claim 2, wherein introducing boron into the metal nitride in the PMOS region comprises exposing the metal nitride to a boron-containing ambient to form the metal boride in the PMOS region.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein introducing boron into the metal
 25 nitride in the PMOS region comprises annealing the metal nitride in a boron-containing ambient to form the metal boride in the PMOS region.
 - 10. The method of claim 8, wherein introducing boron into the metal nitride in the PMOS region comprises exposing the metal nitride to a plasma in the boron-containing ambient to form the metal boride in the PMOS region.

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11. The method of claim 2, wherein introducing boron into the metal nitride in the PMOS region comprises:

forming a boron-containing material over the metal nitride; and diffusing boron from the boron-containing material into the metal nitride to form the metal boride in the PMOS region.

- 12. The method of claim 2, wherein the metal nitride is one of M_XN_Y , $M_XSi_YN_Z$, $M_XAI_YN_Z$, and $M_WAI_XSi_YN_Z$, where M is one of Ti, Ta, Hf, Zr, and W.
- 13. The method of claim 2, wherein the metal boride is one of M_XB_Y, M_XSi_YB_Z, M_XAl_YB_Z, and M_WAl_XSi_YB_Z where M is one of Ti, Ta, Hf, Zr, and W.
 - 14. The method of claim 2, wherein the metal nitride is TiN and the metal boride is TiB₂.
 - 15. The method of claim 1, wherein the metal nitride is one of M_XN_Y , $M_XSi_YN_Z$, $M_XAI_YN_Z$, and $M_WAI_XSi_YN_Z$, where M is one of Ti, Ta, Hf, Zr, and W.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the metal boride is one of M_XB_Y,
 M_XSi_YB_Z, M_XAl_YB_Z, and M_WAl_XSi_YB_Z where M is one of Ti, Ta, Hf, Zr, and W.
 - 17. The method of claim 1, wherein the metal nitride is TiN and the metal boride is TiB₂.
- 25 18. The method of claim 1, wherein forming metal nitride above the gate dielectric in the NMOS region comprises:

forming metal boride above the gate dielectric in the NMOS region; and introducing nitrogen into the metal boride to form the metal nitride in the PMOS region.

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- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein introducing nitrogen into the metal boride comprises performing an ammonia anneal to form the metal nitride in the PMOS region.
- 5 20. The method of claim 18, wherein introducing nitrogen into the metal boride comprises performing a plasma nitridation process to form the metal nitride in the PMOS region.
- 21. The method of claim 18, wherein the metal nitride is one of M_XN_Y, 10 M_XSi_YN_Z, M_XAl_YN_Z, and M_WAl_XSi_YN_Z, where M is one of Ti, Ta, Hf, Zr, and W.
 - 22. The method of claim 18, wherein the metal boride is one of M_XB_Y , $M_XSi_YB_Z$, $M_XAl_YB_Z$, and $M_WAl_XSi_YB_Z$ where M is one of Ti, Ta, Hf, Zr, and W.
- 15 23. The method of claim 18, wherein the metal nitride is TiN and the metal boride is TiB₂.
 - 24. A method of fabricating PMOS and NMOS metal gate structures in a semiconductor device, the method comprising:
- forming a gate dielectric on PMOS and NMOS regions above a semiconductor body;

forming a starting material above the gate dielectric in both the NMOS region and the PMOS region, the starting material being a metal nitride or a metal boride;

changing the starting material in a first one of the NMOS region and the PMOS region such that a metal nitride is provided above the gate dielectric in the NMOS region and a metal boride is provided above the gate dielectric in the PMOS region;

patterning the metal nitride to form an NMOS gate structure in the NMOS region; and

patterning the metal boride to form a PMOS gate structure in the PMOS region.

- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the starting material is a metal nitride, and wherein changing the starting material comprises introducing boron into the starting material in the PMOS region to change the starting material to a metal boride in the PMOS region.
- The method of claim 24, wherein the starting material is a metal
 boride, and wherein changing the starting material comprises introducing
 nitrogen into the starting material in the NMOS region to change the starting
 material to a metal nitride in the NMOS region.
 - 27. A semiconductor device comprising:

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an NMOS transistor gate structure, the NMOS gate structure comprising a metal nitride structure and a gate dielectric between the metal nitride structure and a semiconductor body; and

a PMOS transistor gate structure, the PMOS gate structure comprising a metal boride structure and a gate dielectric between the metal boride structure and the semiconductor body.

- 28. The device of claim 27, wherein the metal boride structure comprises a metal nitride material doped with boron.
- 25 29. The device of claim 28, wherein the metal boride structure is one of M_XB_Y , $M_XSi_YB_Z$, $M_XAl_YB_Z$, and $M_WAl_XSi_YB_Z$ where M is one of Ti, Ta, Hf, Zr, and W.
- 30. The device of claim 27, wherein the metal nitride structure30 comprises a nitrided metal boride.

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- 31. The device of claim 30, wherein the metal nitride structure is one of M_XN_Y , $M_XSi_YN_Z$, $M_XAI_YN_Z$, and $M_WAI_XSi_YN_Z$, where M is one of Ti, Ta, Hf, Zr, and W.
- 5 32. The device of claim 27, wherein the metal nitride structure comprises TiN and the metal boride structure comprises TiB₂.
 - 33. The device of claim 27, further comprising a conductive upper material above the metal nitride structure and above the metal boride structure.
 - 34. The device of claim 33, wherein the conductive upper material is poly-silicon.
- 35. The device of claim 33, wherein the conductive upper material is tungsten.

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